

1. <u>PRINCIPLE OF THE TEST – 1U</u>

This Double Antibody Sandwich-Enzyme Linked Immuno Sorbent Assay (DAS-ELISA) uses antibodies which are bound to the surface of a microplate to capture the antigens. The presence of the antigen is detected using specific antibodies coupled with alkaline phosphatase. Finally, the addition of the substrate of the enzyme (pNPP) induces a yellow product, detectable at 405 nm, when the antigen is present.

Before opening the tubes containing the antibodies (coating and conjugate), please to **centrifuge** in order to collect correctly the content at the bottom of the tube.

2. PROTOCOL

COATING STEP

color code: blue

• Prepare buffers:

 \cdot Prepare the volume of coating buffer 1X needed for the test. You will need 100 μ L of coating buffer for each test well you are using (see recommendations for an example).

• Buffer formulation is provided on page 4.

• SEDIAG Coating buffer (ref: COAT-Buf) has to be diluted to the final concentration (1X) with deionised/distilled water.

Prepare capture antibody:

 \cdot Dilute coating antibodies in Coating Buffer 1X as recommended on the bottle label and on the test data sheet. Homogenize.

· Deposit 100 µl per well.

Incubate the plate 2 hours at +37°C (*)

Wash plate:

 \cdot Empty the wells into a sink or waste container by inverting the plate. Fill the test wells to overflowing with washing buffer 1X (can be purchased directly from SEDIAG in 20X, ref: WASH-Buf). Repeat 2 more times (see recommendations for more details).

Note: Use freshly coated plates immediately

ANTIGEN STEP

Prepare buffers:

 $\cdot\,$ Prepare the volume of extraction buffer 1X needed for the test. You will need 100 μL of extraction buffer for each test well you are using.

Buffer formulation is provided on page 4.

 \cdot SEDIAG General extraction buffer (ref: GNXTR-Buf) has to be diluted to the final concentration (1X) with deionised/distilled water.

^(*)During incubation, plates should be covered with an adhesive plastic film or a lid.



Sample preparation:

Crush 1 g of each sample in 10 ml of **General Extraction Buffer 1X** (see recommendations for more details). Homogenize. In some cases the ratio of sample to buffer may be reduced to obtain a cleared signal if the plant material is not highly infected.

- The controls should be diluted as indicated on labels (see the control datasheet).
- Following your loading diagram, carefully deposit 100 μ l of each sample, positive and negative control into each well and 100 μ L of extraction buffer in buffer-wells.
- Incubate the plate 16 hours (overnight) at $+4^{\circ}C^{(*)}$

Wash plate:

• Wash 5 times as before.

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AP-CONJUGATE STEP

color code: red

Prepare buffers:

- \cdot Prepare the volume of conjugate buffer 1X needed for the test. You will need 100 μ L of conjugate buffer for each test well you are using.
- Buffer formulation is provided on page 4.
- SEDIAG conjugate buffer (ref: CONJ-Buf) has to be diluted to the final concentration (1X) with deionised/distilled water.

Prepare conjugate antibody:

- Dilute the antibody-alkaline phosphatase conjugate in the Conjugate Buffer 1X as recommended on the bottle label and on the test data sheet. Homogenize.
- · Deposit 100 µl per well.
- Incubate the plate 2 hours at $+37^{\circ}C^{(*)}$

• Wash plate:

• Wash **3** times as before.

SUBSTRATE STEP

• Prepare buffers:

- \cdot Prepare the volume of substrate buffer 1X needed for the test. You will need 100 μ L of substrate buffer for each test well you are using.
- · Buffer formulation is provided on page 4.
- SEDIAG substrate buffer (ref: SUBST-Buf) has to be diluted to the final concentration (1X) with deionised/distilled water.

Prepare substrate:

- \cdot Each pNPP tablet (ref: TAB-Acc) will make 5 mL of pNPP solution (after reconstitution with room-temperature substrate buffer 1X), at a concentration of 1mg/mL, about enough for 45 wells.
- · If you use powder, dissolve 1 mg of pNPP/mL of room-temperature Substrate Buffer 1X just before use.
- · Deposit **100** µl per well.
- Incubate the plate at +37°C (*)
- Read the absorbance at 405 nm, using a spectrophotometer, after 1 hour and 2 hours of incubation. See recommendations for the results evaluation.

Note: Do not touch the pNPP tablets or expose the pNPP solution to strong light. Light or contamination could cause background color in negative wells.

(*) During incubation, plates should be covered with an adhesive plastic film or a lid.

3. <u>RECOMMENDATIONS</u>

Storage: Store all the reagents and buffers at recommended temperature to assure their full shelf-life. Do not store prepared buffers from day to day.

Safety: Avoid the direct contact with eyes, skin or ingestion of the various compounds. Always wash hands thoroughly after using the products. If you have any queries about the use of this product, please contact SEDIAG. Safety datasheets are available on request.

Preparation of the Coating-Ab and Conjugate-Ab

Deposit the solution of antibodies immediately on the plate after this preparation. The volume of solution depends on the number of tests to be performed.

For example, if the dilution of the concentrate reagent (antibody or streptavidin) given is 1/100 and you are preparing 10 ml of antibody solution, you should mix 10 ml of buffer with 100 μ l of the concentrate reagent.

It is imperative to use microtiter plate MaxiSorp Nunc ® and to follow a loading diagram established before the deposit of samples.

Washes

Wash the plates in the PBST (washing buffer) 3 - 5 times according to the recommendations of the protocol. Solutions in the plate wells can be removed by aspiration, or, more frequently, the plate is inverted rapidly with a quick shake of the hand and tapped firmly on paper towels. Inspect the testwells. All wells should be free of plant tissue or air bubbles. If tissue or bubbles are present repeat the washing and tap firmly on a paper towel.

Samples preparation

When possible select samples showing symptoms. Leaf tissue is often used in ELISA testing. Stem, seed and other tissue can also be tested.

To prepare the samples, you can use sample mesh bags (ref: SAC-Acc), a mortar and a pestle, or other grinding devices to grind samples. If you are using a mortar and a pestle, wash and rinse them thoroughly between each samples. After extraction, the material can be kept at $+4^{\circ}C$ during a maximum of 12 hours. The sensibility of the test can be altered because of a bad conservation, so it is better to deposit samples directly after their grinding.

Use of positive and negative controls is deeply recommended during the tests to be able to validate the results.

Evaluate Results

Wells in which color develops indicate positive results. Wells in which there is no significant color development indicate negative results.

Test results are valid only if positive control wells give a positive result and buffer wells remain clear.

Results may be interpreted after more than 60 minutes of incubation as long as negative wells remain virtually clear.

4. <u>TECHNICAL SERVICE</u>

If you have any question about using our reagents, do not hesitate to contact us for more details by phone (+33 3 80 67 49 42) or by email (info@sediag.com).

5. <u>BUFFER FORMULATIONS</u>

PBS 1X

| Dissolve in 1000 ml distilled water: | |
|--|-------|
| NaCl | 8 g |
| Na ₂ HPO ₄ -12H ₂ O | 2.9 g |
| KH ₂ PO ₄ | |
| KCl | 0.2 g |
| NaN ₃ | |
| 2 | 0 |

The pH of this buffer is 7.4

PBST 1X = Washing Buffer 1X

| Add to 1000 ml P | BS: | | |
|------------------|-----|------|------------|
| Tween20 | | | 0.5 ml |
| | | | |

The pH of this buffer is 7.4

<u>General Extraction Buffer 1X</u>

| Add to 1000 ml PBS 1X : | |
|-------------------------|--|
| PVP (Mw 10,000-40,000) | |
| Tween20 | |

The pH of this buffer is 7.3

Coating Buffer 1X

| Dissolve in 1000 ml distilled water: | |
|--------------------------------------|--------|
| Na ₂ CO ₃ | |
| NaHCO ₃ | 2.93 g |
| NaN ₃ | |
| Bromocresol purple | |
| 1 1 | U |

The pH of this buffer is 9.6.

<u>Conjugate Buffer 1X</u>

| Add to 1000 ml PBST 1X : | |
|------------------------------|-----|
| BSA | 2 g |
| Congo Red | |
| The pH of this buffer is 7.4 | 0 |

<u>Substrate (pNPP) Buffer 1X</u>

| Dissolve in 1000 ml distilled water: | |
|--------------------------------------|-------|
| Diethanolamine | 97 ml |
| NaN ₃ | 0.2 g |
| Adjust the pH at 9.8 with HCl | · · |

Update : 08/25/2022